HISTORY, NOTES

CLASS:--12<sup>TH</sup>, CHAPTER:-13

NCERT BASED

## MAHATMA GANDHI AND THE NATIONALIST MOVEMENT

## **KEY POINTS IN NUTSHELL:-**

- In 1937 in Provincial Election, Congress formed ministries in 8 out of 11 provinces.
- In September 1939 World War II broke out.
   Nehru and Gandhi promised Congress support to the war effort if the British, in return, promised to grant India independence. But the British rejected this offer.
- Through 1940 and 1941, the Congress organised a series of **individual satyagrahas** to pressure the rulers to promise freedom once the war had ended..
- In 1940 **Two Nation Theory** put forward by Jinnah.
- 1942 Failure of **Cripps Mission**.
- On 9 August 1942 **Quit India Movement** was launched by Gandhiji. He along with all prominent leaders was sent to jail.

- 1946- Cabinet Mission- Failed to get the Congress and the League to agree on the federal system.
- On 16th August 1946 Direct Action Day was called by Jinnah to press the League's demand for Pakistan and Communal riots in Bengal, Bihar, U.P, and Punjab.
- In 1947 Lord Mountbatten was appointed as viceroy.
- 15th August 1947- Formal transfer of power, the announcement of partition and India got her independence.